

AC Main Source Selector Panel

PN 8459/PN 3459/PN 8466/PN 3466/PN 8467/PN 3467/PN 8468/PN 3468
PN 8469/PN 3469/PN 8499/PN 3499/PN 8559/PN 3559/PN 8566/PN 3566
PN 8567/PN 3567/PN 8568/PN 3568/PN 8569/PN 3569/PN 8599/PN 3599

Panel Specifications

Material: 0.125" 5052-H32 Aluminum Alloy
Primary Finish: Chemical Treatment per Mil Spec C-5541C
Final Panel Finish: Graphite color 2 part textured Polyurethane
Amperage Rating: Panel Buses are sized for 100 Amperes of continuous current.
Voltage Rating: See panel features

	Inches	Millimeters	PN
Panel Depth:	2 1/2	(63.5)	
Overall Dimensions:	5 1/4 x 7 1/2	(133.4 x 190.5)	8467/3467/8567/3567
	5 1/4 x 11 1/4	(133.4 x 285.8)	8466/3466/8566/3566
	10 1/2 x 7 1/2	(266.7 x 190.5)	8468/3468/8568/3568
	14 3/4 x 4 1/2	(374.7 x 114.3)	8459/3459/8559/3559
	14 3/4 x 7 1/2	(374.7 x 190.5)	8469/3469/8569/3569
	10 1/2 x 4 1/2	(266.7 x 114.3)	8499/3499/8599/3599
Mounting Centers:	4 7/16 x 6 11/16	(112.7 x 169.9)	8467/3467/8567/3567
	4 7/16 x 10 7/16	(112.7 x 256.1)	8466/3466/8566/3566
	9 11/16 x 6 11/16	(246.1 x 169.9)	8468/3468/8568/3568
	13 15/16 x 3 11/16	(354.0 x 93.7)	8459/3459/8559/3559
	13 15/16 x 6 11/16	(354.0 x 169.9)	8469/3469/8569/3569
	9 11/16 x 3 11/16	(246.1 x 93.7)	8499/3499/8599/3599

Panel Features

- PN 8459/ PN 8466/ PN 8467/ PN 8468/ PN 8469/ PN 8499-120 Volt AC
PN 3459/ PN 3466/ PN 3467/ PN 3468/ PN 3469/ PN 3499-120 Volt AC
- Two double-pole 30 Ampere AC main circuit breakers
 - 15 Ampere branch circuit breakers installed
 - PN 8559/ PN 8566/ PN 8567/ PN 8568/ PN 8569/ PN 8599-230 Volt AC
PN 3559/ PN 3566/ PN 3567/ PN 3568/ PN 3569/ PN 3599-230 Volt AC
 - Two double-pole 16 Ampere AC main circuit breakers
 - 8 Ampere B-Series branch circuit breakers installed

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WARNING

- It is not possible within the scope of these instructions to fully acquaint the installer with all the knowledge of electrical systems that may be necessary to correctly install this product. If the installer is not knowledgeable in electrical systems we strongly recommend that an electrical professional be retained to make the installation.
- If either the panel front or back is to be exposed to water it must be protected with a waterproof shield.
- The panels must not be installed in explosive environments such as gas engine rooms or battery compartments as the circuit breakers are not ignition proof.
- The vessel's shore power cord must be disconnected from shoreside power before installing this electrical panel.
- If an inverter is installed on the vessel its power leads must be disconnected at the battery before the panel installation. Be aware that many inverters have a "sleep mode" in which their voltage potential may not be detectable with measuring equipment.
- If an AC Generator is installed aboard it must be stopped and rendered inoperable before the panel is installed.
- Verify that no other AC source is connected to the vessels' wiring before the panel is installed.

Guarantee

Any Blue Sea Systems product with which a customer is not satisfied may be returned for a refund or replacement at any time.

Useful Reference Books

- Calder, Nigel, 1996: *Boatowner's Mechanical and Electrical Manual*, 2nd edition, Blue Ridge Summit, PA: TAB Books, Inc.
Wing, Charlie, 1993: *Boatowner's Illustrated Handbook of Wiring*, Blue Ridge Summit, PA: TAB Books, Inc.

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Installation

1. Disconnect all AC and DC power

Disconnect all AC power originating on or off the vessel. This includes inverters, generators, shore power attachments and any other device capable of supplying AC power to the ship's circuits.

Disconnect the main positive DC cable from all batteries to eliminate the possibility of a short circuit and to disable the inverter while installing the distribution panel.

2. Select mounting location and cut opening

If this panel is to serve as your main shore power disconnect circuit breaker, select a location which is not more than 10 feet from the shore power inlet or the electrical attachment point of a permanently installed shore power cord as measured along the conductors of the feed wires. If it is more than 10 feet, additional fuses or circuit breakers must be installed within 10 feet of the shore power inlet.

Select a mounting location which is protected from water on the panel front and back and is not in an area where flammable vapors from propane, gasoline or lead acid batteries accumulate. The circuit breakers used in marine electrical panels are not ignition protected and may ignite such vapors.

Using the panel template provided, make a cut out in the mounting surface where the distribution panel is to be mounted. Do not yet fasten the panel to the mounting surface.

3. Install branch circuit wires

Determine the proper wire size for each branch circuit using the chart below. Verify that the standard circuit breakers installed in the panel are correct for each branch circuit. Remove and replace any that are incorrectly sized. The circuit breaker must have a rating less than the

allowable amperage of the wire, yet greater than the circuit's continuous current.

Connect each branch circuit hot (black) to the appropriate load terminal. Connect each branch circuit neutral (white) to one of the screws on the neutral bus. Connect each branch safety ground wire (green) to one of the screws of the safety ground bus.

Do not confuse the neutral current carrying wires (sometimes called ground) with the green normally non-current carrying wires (sometimes called grounding). These two wires must be connected only at the source of power, nowhere else.

Wire sizing chart

Use the wire sizing chart below to determine the minimum branch and feed circuit wire sizes.

Allowable Amperage of Conductors

Wire Size (AWG)	Outside Engine Spaces	Inside Engine Spaces
16	25.0	21.3
14	35.0	29.8
12	45.0	38.3
10	60.0	51.0
8	80.0	68.0
6	120.0	102.0
4	160.0	136.0
2	210.0	178.5

Note: For wire with 105°C insulation rating and no more than 2 conductors are bundled. Not suitable for sizing flexible shore power cords.

Installation (continued)

4. Install feed circuit wires, source 1 and source 2

Install the feed wires from AC source 1 and AC source 2. Refer to the wire sizing chart to select the correct wire size. Connect the black AC hot, white AC neutral and green AC safety ground as shown in the illustration.

If the feed wires are from the shore power inlet or the electrical attachment point of a permanently installed shore power cord and the inlet or attachment point is more than 10 feet from this panel, an additional fuse or circuit breaker must be installed within 10 feet of the shore power inlet. The measurement is made along the conductors.

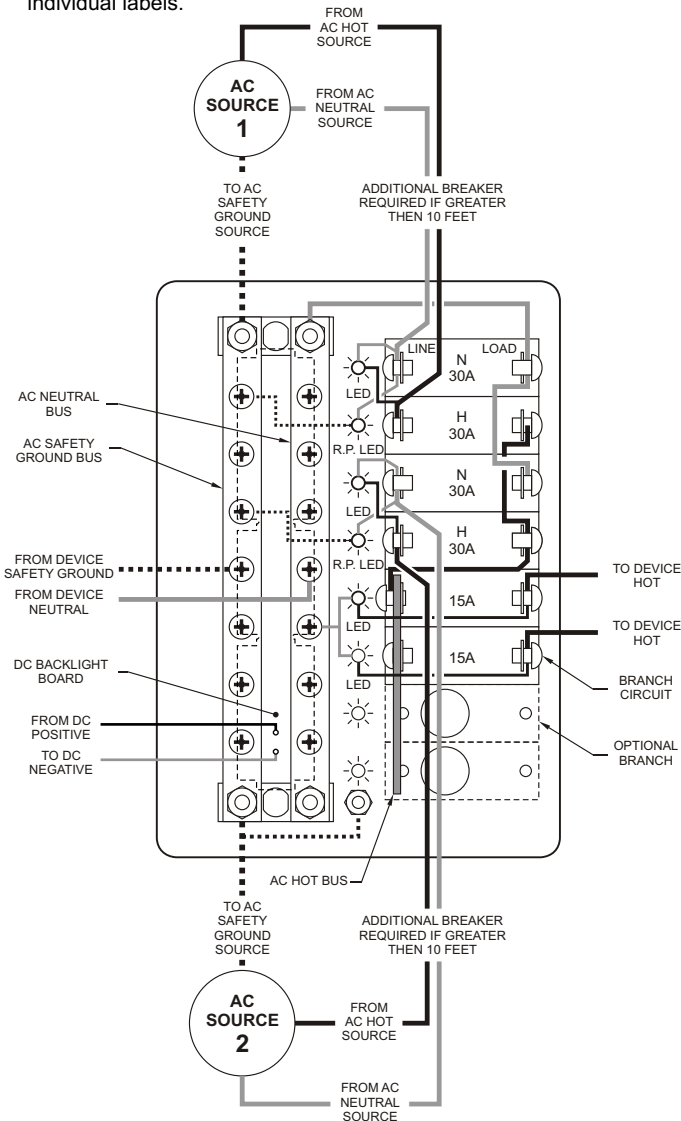
5. Installation of Backlight System

The backlight board is a DC device. When installing it in an AC panel both wire leads must be connected to an appropriate DC source and ground.

Connect the yellow negative wire to a DC ground. Connect the red positive wire to any DC positive supply, usually a switch that controls the vessel's other nighttime illumination.

6. Apply circuit labels and mount panel

Apply a label for each circuit from the 10 basic labels provided. Remove the blank labels installed in the panel before installing your branch circuit labels. Apply a label for each of the branch circuits from The 30 basic labels provided. If the appropriate label is not included, Individual labels are available from Blue Sea Systems for specific Applications. Refer to the label order form for a complete listing of individual labels.



Wiring Diagram
AC Source Selector Panel
 PN: 8467 Shown

Fasten the panel to the mounting surface using the panel mounting screws supplied with the panel.

7. Testing

- ☑ Connect the shore power cable to the boat AC power inlet. Do not connect the shore power cable to the shore power pedestal. Instead run the shore power cable such that the shore power plug is next to the AC panel. With an Ohmmeter verify that the pins of the shore power plug are connected to the appropriate terminals of the panel. Refer to ABYC E-11 Figure 13 or 14 or NEC / NEMA documents for the standard pin arrangements for your plug.
- ☑ Connect the vessel's shore power and verify the Reverse Polarity light is not illuminated. If the red Reverse Polarity light is on then either the hot and ground or the hot and neutral wires have been crossed. Starting at the panel, trace the connections back as far as necessary to locate the error.
- ☑ Using a multimeter where the power source is connected to the panel verify:

- PN 8459/ 8466/ 8467/ 8468/ 8469/ 8499-120 Volt AC
 PN 3459/ 3466/ 3467/ 3468/ 3469/ 3499-120 Volt AC
- a. 120 volts between hot and neutral (nominal, this may vary depending on source voltage)
 - b. 120 volts between hot and ground.
 - c. 0 volts between neutral and ground.

- PN 8559/ 8566/ 8567/ 8568/ 8569/ 8599-230 Volt AC
 PN 3559/ 3566/ 3567/ 3568/ 3569/ 3599-230 Volt AC
- a. 230 volts between hot and neutral (nominal, this may vary depending on source voltage)
 - b. 230 volts between hot and ground.
 - c. 0 volts between neutral and ground.

- ☑ Turn on each branch circuit to verify power to each circuit.
- ☑ Turn off the shore power and test with the alternate source.

Optional Branch LED's

This Panel is supplied with LED's pre-installed in all optional branch positions. For future expansion of the panel remove the hot leg of the LED from the AC Neutral Bus and connect it to the Load side of the branch circuit breaker.

Note

This Blue Sea Systems electrical distribution panels is furnished with 15 amp or 8 amp circuit breakers for branch circuits to satisfy the vast majority of marine circuit protection situations. 15 amp circuit breakers are used in all 120 volt panels and 8 amp circuit breakers are used in all 230 volt panels.

The Purpose of the AC Main Source Selector Panel

Two live sources of AC power, such as shore power and inverter power, or shore power and a generator, cannot be electrically connected. The AC Main Source Selector panel is designed to prevent both sources from being connected to the circuit simultaneously.

The Purpose of a Panel

There are six purposes of a marine electrical panel:

- Power distribution
- Circuit (wire) protection
- Circuit ON/OFF switching
- Reverse Polarity Indication
- Metering of voltage and amperage (In panels with meters)
- Condition Indication (circuit energized)

Applicable Standards

- American Boat and Yacht Council (ABYC) Standards and recommended Practices for Small Crafts sections: E-8, Alternating Current Electrical Systems on Boats.
- United States Coast Guard Code of Federal Regulations 33, Part 183, Subpart I, Electrical Systems on Boats.

Related Products from Blue Sea Systems

- High Amperage Fuses and Circuit Breakers for positive feed wires
- High Amperage Battery Switches
- Terminal Blocks and Common Bus Connectors
- AC Distribution Panels
- DC Distribution Panels